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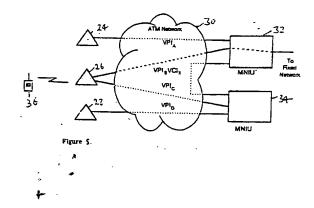
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(54) Improvements in or relating to mobile radio networks.

one mobile radio network comprises at least one mobile terminal and at least three base stations. The base stations are connectable by a transmission network and by way of a mobile network interface unit to a fixed network. At least one base station is connected by the transmission network to at least two mobile network interface units. Network switching means is arranged to connect the mobile network interface units together when a mobile terminal changes its affiliation from one base station to a different base station. This permits communication from the mobile terminal to the fixed network by way of the interconnected mobile network interface units.



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The present invention relates to improvements relating to mobile radio networks, and in particular to those which use asynchronous transmission mode (ATM) network.

The efficient operation of such mobile networks require rapid changes in mobile affiliation which will have to be supported by the underlying network. If such changes in affiliation were always to require network switching the response times could be too long.

In co-pending patent application no: 9213373.5, a technique is described where permanent virtual paths are set up across the ATM network between base stations and a particular interface point, to a fixed network. The interface point is known as a mobile network interface unit. Within the area controlled by this interface unit, the virtual channel identifier (VCI) is given global significance and is used to designate the call. This method requires no network switching to support changes in affiliation as long as the mobile unit remains in the area connected to a particular mobile network interface unit.

It will be appreciated that the term "call" used throughout the specification also includes the set up of a connection, e.g. for signalling purposes.

With reference to Figure 1, typically in current networks the network part of the mobile system will consist of base stations 2, 4, 6, 8, connected to mobile network interface units 10, 12. The base stations 2 and 4 are connected to the mobile network interface unit 10, and the base stations 6, 8 are connected to the mobile network interface unit 12. The mobile network interface units 10, 12 could be the point of interconnection between the mobile network and the fixed network for as long as a call is being handled by one of the base stations in its area. Any one base station is connected to only a single mobile network interface unit.

When a mobile unit moves, in a radio sense, to a base station connected to a different mobile network interface unit, network switching is required to extend the connection to the new mobile network interface unit. This switching must be performed at the same time as the mobile terminal changes its affiliation to the new base station, as shown in Figure 2. In Figure 2, the base station 16 is connected to the mobile network interface unit 20, and the base station 18 is connected to the mobile network interface unit 22. At the time when the mobile terminal 14 changes its affiliation from the base station 16 to the base station 18, network switching has to be set up as shown by the dotted lines within the mobile network interface units 20, 22. Extending the call in this way can be relatively slow, due to the need for network signalling and switching and significant breaks in transmission can occur.

An aim of the present invention is to provide an improved mobile radio network in which a minimum of network switching is required to support rapid

changes in affiliation when a mobile terminal crosses between areas connected to different mobile network interface units.

According to the present invention there is provided a mobile radio network, comprising at least one mobile terminal and at least three base stations connectable by a transmission network by way of a mobile network interface unit to a fixed network, characterised in that at least one base station is connectable by the transmission network to at least two mobile network interface units, and network switching means is arranged to connect the mobile network interface units together when a mobile terminal changes its affiliation from one base station to a different base station, to permit communication from the mobile terminal to the fixed network by way of said interconnected mobile network interface units.

An embodiment of the present invention will now be described with reference to the accompanying drawings;

FIGURE 1 shows a typical prior art mobile network;

FIGURE 2 shows a prior art mobile network including known switching connections to provide hand over between different mobile network interface units; and,

FIGURES 3 to 8 show various configurations of a mobile network in accordance with the present invention.

In Figures 3 to 8, like elements have been designated with the same reference number.

Referring to Figure 3, there is shown three base stations 24, 26, 28, connected to an ATM network 30. It will be appreciated that the ATM network 30 functions in a manner described in our co-pending application no: 9213373.5, which is incorporated herein by reference thereto. The ATM network 30 connects the base station 24 to the mobile network interface unit 32, by way of a virtual path identified as VPIA. The base station 26 is connected to the mobile network interface unit 32, by way of a virtual path VPIB and also to the mobile network interface unit 34, by way of a virtual path VPIC. The base station 28 is connected to the mobile network interface unit 34, by way of a virtual path VPID. The mobile network interface units 32, 34 may also be connected via the ATM network 30. The mobile network interface units 32, 34 are further connected to a respective fixed network.

Referring to Figure 4, it is assumed that the mobile terminal 36 is initially affiliated to the base station 24 with the connection being routed to the fixed network via the mobile network interface unit 32, by way of the ATM network 30. Within the area controlled by the mobile network interface unit 32, the call is given the designation X and the user information associated with the call is carried in ATM cells with the VCI value given as VCIx. When the mobile terminal 36 changes geographical location, it becomes affiliated

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It is still possible for the mobile terminal 36 to return to the base station 24, without the need for further network switching.

When the mobile terminal 36 moves to the area controlled by the base station 28 which is only connected to the mobile network interface unit 34, as shown in Figure 7, the mobile terminal 36 could still return to either of the previously used base stations without the need for further networks switching, because the connection is still controlled by the mobile network interface unit 32.

Once the mobile terminal 36 is well inside the area controlled by the mobile network interface unit 34, the path to the fixed network can, if required, be optimised and the connection routed directly into the fixed network from the mobile network interface unit 34, as shown in Figure 8.

It will be appreciated by those skilled in the art that the principles described above with reference to two mobile network interface units, and a single dual home base station, could be easily extended to cases where a base station was connected over virtual paths to more than two base stations and where there were more than a single dual home base station involved.

The present invention advantageously allows the teachings as disclosed in the above mentioned copending patent application to be extended with a minimum of network switching to the case where a mobile terminal crosses mobile network interface unit boundaries.

The present invention also provides decoupling

between when a mobile terminal changes affiliation to a base station and a new mobile network interface unit area, and when the network has to be reconfigured to extend the connection to the new mobile network interface unit. This facilitates the support of frequent and rapid reaffiliation of the mobile terminal at the mobile network interface unit area boundaries and enables macrodiversity to be provided at such locations.

It will also be appreciated that while the above embodiment is described using an ATM network, dedicated lines may be used instead of an ATM network, providing such lines are capable of handling ATM type data to an ATM type mobile network interface unit.

## Claims

- 1. A mobile radio network, comprising at least one mobile terminal and at least three base stations connectable by a transmission network by way of a mobile network interface unit to a fixed network, characterised in that at least one base station is connectable by the transmission network to at least two mobile network interface units, and network switching means is arranged to connect the mobile network interface units together when a mobile terminal changes its affiliation from one base station to a different base station, to permit communication from the mobile terminal to the fixed network by way of said interconnected mobile network interface units.
- A mobile radio network as claimed in claim 1, wherein the transmission network is an ATM transmission network.
- A mobile radio network as claimed in claim 1 or 2, wherein each mobile network interface unit is provided with means to optimise the path to the fixed network when a mobile terminal has moved within the area controlled by the mobile network interface unit.

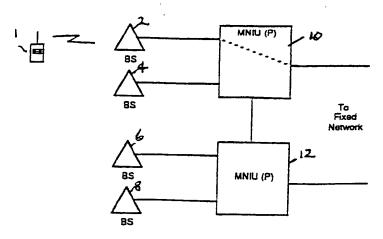
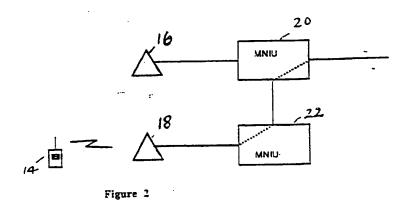
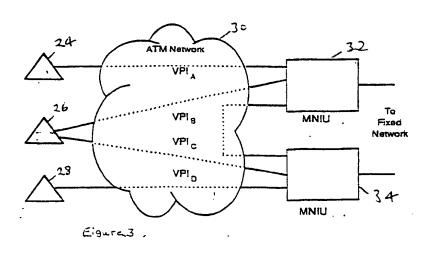


Figure 1





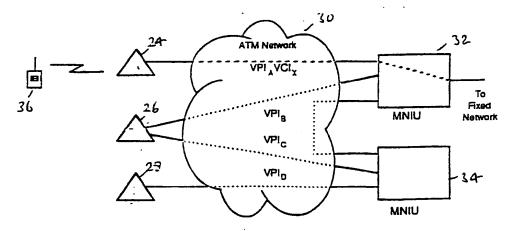


Figure 4

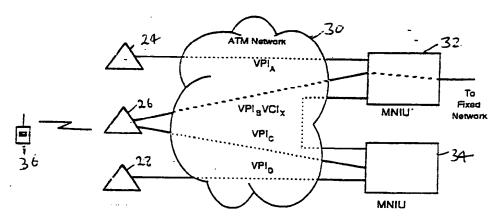
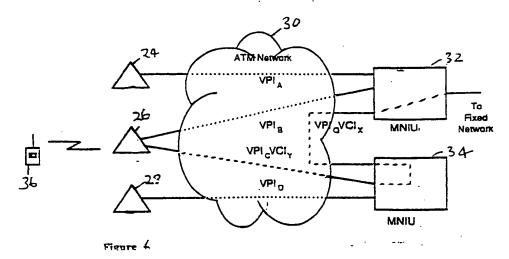
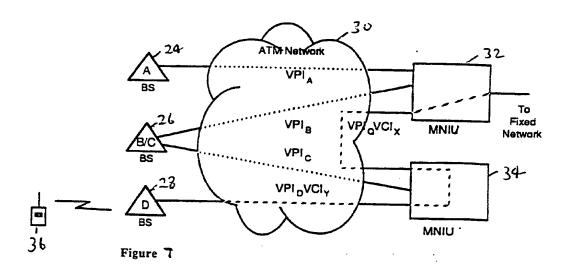
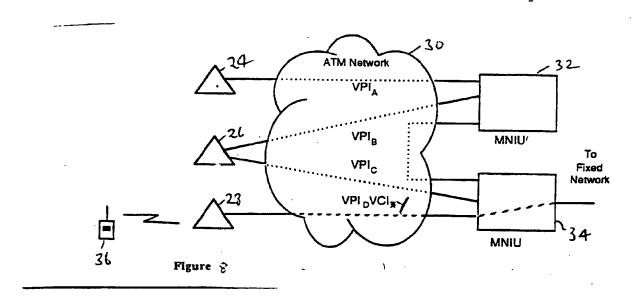


Figure 5.









## **EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT**

Application Number

EP 93 10 8309

Category	Citation of document with indic of relevant passa		Relevant to claim	CLASSIFICATION OF THE APPLICATION (Int. Cl.5)
Y	EP-A-O 426 269 (BRITISH TELECOMMUNICATIONS PLC.)  * column 1, line 50 - column 2, line 20 *  * column 2, line 35 - column 3, line 10 *  * column 4, line 28 - line 47 *  * column 5, line 20 - line 32 *  * column 5, line 52 - column 6, line 18 *  * column 6, line 32 - line 55 *  * column 7, line 24 - column 8, line 15 *			H04Q7/04
Y	PHOENIX vol. 3, 2 December 1 pages 1912 - 1916 M.MK. LIU 'Base Sta Personal Communication * page 1913, left col	tion Networking in ons' umm, line 1 - line 12 - lumn, paragraph 2.2 - lumn, paragraph 2.3 * lumn, paragraph 3 -	1-3	TECHNICAL FIELDS SEARCHED (Int. Cl.5)
A	EP-A-0 366 342 (AT&T)  * column 6, line 43  * column 7, line 23  * column 7, line 40  * column 8, line 4 -  * column 12, line 8	 - column 7, line 3 * - line 31 * - line 48 * line 21 *	1-3	H04Q
	The present search report has be	en drawn up for all claims  Date of completion of the search		
X:p Y:p d A:t O:1	Prace of search Date of comple THE HAGUE 04 OCTOB			Examiner GERLING J.C.J.
Y:F	CATEGORY OF CITED DOCUMEN  articularly relevant if taken alone articularly relevant if combined with anot ocument of the same category echnological background on-written disclosure otermediate document	TS T: theory or princ E: earlier patent d after the filing her D: document cited L: document cited	ocument, but pi date I in the applicati for other reason	he invention iblished on, or ion ns

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